REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections of the application are respectfully requested in view of the amendments and remarks herewith. The present amendment is being made to facilitate prosecution of the application.

I. STATUS OF THE CLAIMS AND FORMAL MATTERS

Claims 1, 2, 4-11, 29-38 and 55-58 are pending. Claims 1, 6, 29, 31, 35, 55 and 57 are independent and hereby amended. No new matter has been added. It is submitted that these claims, as originally presented, were in full compliance with the requirements of 35 U.S.C. §112. Changes to claims are made simply for clarification and to round out the scope of protection to which Applicants are entitled.

II. SUPPORT FOR AMENDMENT IN SPECIFICATION

Support for this amendment is provided throughout the Specification as originally filed and specifically at paragraphs [0058], [0126] and Fig. 26 of Applicants' corresponding published application. By way of example and not limitation:

[0058] FIG. 26 is a diagram showing a table for the relation between the characteristic amounts used for estimating an audience state and **contents provision states**:

[0126] The characteristic amounts used for estimating the state of the audience 60 may be selected and used according to the contents provision state. When the movement of the audience 60 can be preferably obtained and sound including voice is difficult to obtain, the characteristic amounts showing a magnitude and periodicity of movement are mainly used to estimate an audience state. When the movement of the audience 60 is difficult to obtain and sound including voice can be preferably obtained, the characteristic amounts showing a volume

Frommer Lawrence & Haug LLP 745 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10151 212-588-0800 Customer Number 20999 and periodicity of sound are mainly used to estimate an audience state. As shown in FIG. 26, in a concert, as indicated by largecircle., the characteristic amounts 301, 305 and 304 respectively showing a magnitude of movement, periodicity of sound and a volume of sound are used. In a dark movie theater, the characteristic amounts 303, 305 and 304 respectively showing a power spectrum, periodicity of sound and a volume of sound are used. In a sports relay whose periodicity of sound is less than that of the concert, the characteristic amounts 301, 302 and 304 respectively showing a magnitude of movement, periodicity of movement and a volume of sound are used. The characteristic amounts used for estimating the audience state are selected according to a contents provision state to estimate the audience state more properly.

FIG. 26

	CHARACTERISTIC AMOUNTS USED FOR ESTIMATION				
	AT ESTIMATION OF BEATING TIME WITH THE HANDS AND CLAPPING, AND LAUGHING AND OTHER MOVEMENT		AT ESTINATION OF BEATING TIME WITH THE HANDS AND CLAPPING		CHARACTERISTIC ANOUNT 304
	CHARACTERISTIC ANOUNT 301	CHARACTERISTIC ANOUNT 303	CHARACTERISTIC Amount 302	CHARACTERISTIC ANOUNT 305	
CONCERT	0			0	0
NOVIE THEATER		0		0	0
SPORTS RELAY	0		0		0

III. RESPONSE TO REJECTIONS UNDER 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 29-34 and 55-58 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) over U.S. Patent No. 7,266,771 to Tow (hereinafter, merely "Tow") in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,256,400 to Takata (hereinafter, merely "Takata") in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,907,361 to Okada (hereinafter, merely "Okada") and further in view of U.S. Patent Publication Application No. 2002/0073417 to Kondo et al. (hereinafter, merely "Kondo").

PATENT Attorney Docket No. 450100-04609

U.S. Patent Application No. 10/602,779 Response to Final Office Action dated February 1, 2012

Claims 6-8 and 35-36 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) over Tow in view of

Takata in view of Okada in view of U.S. Patent No. 7,373,209 to Tagawa (hercinafter, merely

"Tagawa") and further in view of Kondo.

Claims 9, 10 and 37 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) over Tow in view of

Takata in view of Okada in view of Tagawa in view of Kondo and further in view of U.S. Patent

No. 5,550,928 to Lu (hereinafter, merely "Lu").

Claims 11 and 38 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) over Tow in view of

Takata in view of Okada in view of Tagawa in view of Kondo and further in view of WO

91/03912 to Stevens (hereinafter, merely "Stevens").

Claim 1 recites, inter alia:

... wherein the movement amount is determined to be selected to estimate an audience state based on a contents provision state which indicates an environment condition of the audience that

affects difficulty factors for obtaining movement of the audience and for obtaining sound of the audience... (Emphasis

added)

Applicants submit that neither Tow nor Takata nor Okada nor Kondo, taken alone

or in combination, would disclose or render predictable the above-identified features of claim 1.

Specifically, none of the references used as a basis for rejection discloses or renders predictable

"wherein the movement amount is determined to be selected to estimate an audience state based

on a contents provision state which indicates an environment condition of the audience that

affects difficulty factors for obtaining movement of the audience and for obtaining sound of

the audience," as recited in claim 1.

Specifically, the Office Action (see page 2, "Response to Arguments") asserts that

Kondo teaches wherein the movement amount is determined to be selected to estimate an

Frommer Lawrence & Haug LLP 745 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10151 212-588-0800 Customer Number 20999

17 of 20

01068552.DOC

U.S. Patent Application No. 10/602,779 PATENT
Response to Final Office Action dated February 1, 2012 Attorney Docket No. 450100-04609

audience state based on a contents provision state which indicates an environment condition of the audience, and refers to Kondo, paragraphs [0244]-[0245], which are reproduced as follows:

[0244] The information for the estimation of the response of the audience may further include outputs from other sensors or some other forms of information. For example, an investigation may be conducted in the form of a questionnaire or orally by movie theater employees to determine the type of the audience prior to the start of the movie. The resultant information may be fed back for the estimation and various control operations. Other information such as the time of the day when the movie is shown, the season, date, temperature, the location of the hall, etc., may also be used for the estimation and various kinds of control.

[0245] While in the above embodiment the concept of the present invention was applied in the hall where a movie is shown, this should not be taken as limiting the scope of the invention. For example, the present invention may be embodied in a concert hall, live music house, theater, vaudeville theater, broadcast studio, open-air hall, stadium, multipurpose hall, fetc.

Kondo describes that information such as the time of the day when the movie is shown, the season, date, temperature, the location of the hall, etc., may also be used for the estimation. However, Kondo does not teach selecting particular characteristic amounts for the estimation according to the environment condition of the audience that affects difficulty factors for obtaining movement of the audience and for obtaining sound of the audience.

In the present invention, as shown in Fig. 26, the characteristic amounts used for estimating the state of the audience is selected according to the contents provision state. For example, when the movement of the audience can be preferably obtained and sound including voice is difficult to obtain, the characteristic amounts showing a magnitude and periodicity of movement are mainly used to estimate an audience state; and when the movement of the audience is difficult to obtain and sound including voice can be preferably obtained, the characteristic amounts showing a volume and periodicity of sound are mainly used to estimate an audience state. In other words, different characteristic amounts are selected

Frommer Lawrence & Haug LLP 745 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10151 212-588-0800 Customer Number 20999

PATENT Attorney Docket No.450100-04609

U.S. Patent Application No. 10/602,779
Response to Final Office Action dated February 1, 2012

according to the different environment conditions of the audience that affect difficulty for

obtaining movement and sound of the audience.

Thus, Kondo does not disclose or render predictable "wherein the movement

amount is determined to be selected to estimate an audience state based on a contents provision

state which indicates an environment condition of the audience that affects difficulty factors for

obtaining movement of the audience and for obtaining sound of the audience," as recited in

claim 1.

Furthermore, this deficiency of Kondo is not cured by the supplemental teaching

of Tow or Takata or Okada.

Therefore, Applicants submit that independent claim 1 is patentable and

respectfully request reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection.

For reasons similar to, or somewhat similar to, those described above with regard

to independent claim 1, independent claims 6, 29, 31, 35, 55 and 57 are also patentable, and

Applicants thus respectfully request reconsideration of the rejections thereto.

IV. DEPENDENT CLAIMS

The other claims in this application are each dependent from one of the

independent claims discussed above and are therefore believed patentable for at least the same

reasons. Applicants thereby respectfully request reconsideration and withdrawal of rejections

thereto. Because each dependent claim is also deemed to define an additional aspect of the

invention, however, the individual reconsideration of the patentability of each on its own merits

is respectfully requested.

Frommer Lawrence & Haug LLP 745 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10151

212-588-0800 Customer Number 20999 19 of 20 01068552.DOC

Attorney Docket No.450100-04609

U.S. Patent Application No. 10/602,779 Response to Final Office Action dated February 1, 2012

CONCLUSION

Because Applicants maintain that all claims are allowable for at least the reasons

presented hereinabove, in the interests of brevity, this response does not comment on each and

every comment made by the Examiner in the Office Action. This should not be taken as

acquiescence of the substance of those comments, and Applicants reserve the right to address

such comments.

In the event the Examiner disagrees with any of statements appearing above with

respect to the disclosure in the cited reference, or references, it is respectfully requested that the

Examiner specifically indicate those portions of the reference, or references, providing the basis

for a contrary view.

Please charge any additional fees that may be needed, and credit any

overpayment, to our Deposit Account No. 50-0320.

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, it is believed that all of the

claims in this application are patentable and Applicants respectfully request early passage to

issue of the present application.

Respectfully submitted,

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Frommer Lawrence & Haug LLP 745 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10151 212-588-0800 Customer Number 20999

20 of 20

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